# ANNEX A

# **List of GMP Inspection Deficiencies**

(The list is non-exhaustive and other observations may be added, removed, or re-classified as appropriate)

# A. Quality Management System

### 1. Critical

- · Products are released and distributed with failed results for assay, micro
- Products are approved for release with incomplete testing (assay, micro)
- · Production and release for distribution of unregistered products
- Falsification or misrepresentation of manufacturing and QC records

# 2. Major

- Absence or unimplemented procedure/s for change control system, batch release, PQR, CAPA, Deviation, OOS, Risk Management, document control, suppliers' qualification, and other significant SOPs.
- · Inconsistent implementation of significant SOPs
- Deviation from the approved manufacturing authorization (LTO) or marketing authorization (CPR)
- Products are released by an unauthorized person
- Products are distributed without undergoing batch release but had passed laboratory testing
- · Products released with insufficient investigation/ deviations
- · Irreconcilable and untraceable records and documentation
- · Absence or incomplete Process Validation of released and distributed products
- Absence of material/FG status tags
- Distribution to unlicensed establishments/individuals

#### 3. Others

- Incomplete/inaccurate annual product review
- · Quality documents not updated
- Change control, PQR, CAPA, Deviation, Risk Management or suppliers' qualification are implemented but no established program/procedure
- No designated alternate authorized person

### B. Personnel

# 1. Critical

- No qualification (background, relevant experience and training) of QC & Production Managers
- The QA Head acts as QC Head and Production Head, thus, independency of each division was not being practiced
- Insufficient qualification and training of the person who is responsible to release for sale.

### 2. Major

Key personnel do not have sufficient practical experience in their responsibility area

- Insufficient qualification (lack of relevant experience and training) of QC & Production Managers
- Insufficient personnel for QC or production operations resulting in a high probability of error
- Insufficient training for personnel involved in production and QC resulting in related GMP deviations
- Health requirements and or hygiene program not properly implemented or followed
- Responsibility of the person to release products for sale was not in the job description

- · Inadequate training records
- Insufficient written training program
- · Organizational Chart not updated
- · Health records not filed
- Incomplete written sanitation procedure
- Incomplete implementation of the written sanitation program
- Incomplete records for the sanitation program

#### C. Premise

#### 1. Critical

- Generalized malfunctioning of the ventilation system(s) with evidence of widespread cross-contamination
- Inadequate segregation (without study/evidence that cross-contamination does not occur) of manufacturing or testing areas from other manufacturing areas for high risk products
- Manufacturing areas with evidence of contamination (mildew, mold, powder from previous productions, etc)
- Evidence of widespread accumulation of residues / extraneous matter indicative of inadequate cleaning
- · Evidence of gross infestation
- Evidence of contamination

# 2. Major

- Malfunctioning of the ventilation system that could result in possible crosscontamination
- Inadequate segregation (with risk of cross-contamination) of manufacturing or testing areas from other manufacturing areas for high risk products (†)
- Maintenance / periodic verification such as air filter replacement, monitoring of pressure differentials not performed. (†)
- Temperature and humidity not controlled and monitored when necessary (e.g. storage not in accordance with labelling requirements)
- Heating, ventilation, air conditioning (HVAC) and purified water (PW) system not qualified.
- Damage (holes, cracks or peeling paint) to walls / ceilings immediately adjacent or above manufacturing areas or equipment where the product is exposed
- Un-cleanable surfaces created by pipes, fixtures or ducts
- Surfaces finish (floors, walls, and ceilings) that do not permit effective cleaning

- Insufficient manufacturing space that could lead to mix-ups (†)
- Physical and electronic quarantine accessible to unauthorized personnel / Physical quarantine area not well marked and / or not respected when used (↑)
- · Manufacturing or QC area serves as a passageway by personnel
- · Toilet is directly located within the manufacturing area
- Illogical flow of personnel, materials, products, waste or process
- No separate area / insufficient precautions to prevent contamination or crosscontamination during RM sampling
- · Non-production activities performed in production areas
- Doors giving direct access to exterior from manufacturing and packaging areas used by personnel
- No alert and action limits for microbial / environmental monitoring areas where products are manufactured
- · Pressure differential gauges are not installed in critical production areas
- Monitoring of pressure differential for critical areas was not conducted/recorded during operation
- No Batch clearance/line clearance
- Corrugated boxes are brought inside clean rooms including hallways
- · Doors are not well-fitted inside the production area
- · Exposed light bulb inside clean rooms
- Unlabeled products are stored in close proximity without physical segregation
- Evidence of residues indicative of inadequate cleaning
- · Compressed air not tested in compliance with acceptable standard

- Un-screened/un-trapped floor drains
- · Outlets for liquids (PW) and gases not identified
- Damages to surfaces not directly adjacent or above exposed to products
- · Inadequate rest, change, wash-up and toilet facilities

# D. Equipment

# 1. Critical

- Equipment used for complex manufacturing operations of critical products not qualified and with evidence of malfunctioning or lack of appropriate monitoring
- Foreign materials such as grease, oil, rust and particles inside the production equipment which have contact with the product

#### 2. Major

- Equipment used during critical steps of manufacture, packaging/labelling, and testing, including computerized system is not qualified (1)
- Equipment do not operate within its specifications. (†)
- Stored equipment not protected from contamination
- Inappropriate equipment for production: surface porous and non-cleanable / material to shed particles
- Evidence of contamination of products by foreign materials such as grease, oil, rust and particles from the equipment (1)
- No covers for tanks, hoppers or similar manufacturing equipment

- No / inadequate precautions taken when equipment such as oven or autoclave contains more than one product (possibility of cross-contamination or mix-ups) (<sup>↑</sup>)
- Equipment location does not prevent cross-contamination or possible mix-ups for operations performed in common area (†)
- PW system not maintained or operated to provide water of adequate quality. (†)
- Leaking gaskets with potential impact on product quality (†)
- No calibration program for automatic, mechanical, electronic or measuring equipment / no records maintained
- Outdated equipment calibration
- No equipment usage logbooks
- No preventative maintenance program for major equipment / no records maintained
- Cleaning Validation was not conducted (†)
- Use of temporary means or devices for repair with contact with the product.
- Unsecured or Inadequate labeling / storage of rejected materials and products that could generate mix-ups
- Non-conduct of qualification
- Use of inappropriate materials (e.g. PVC) and valves (e.g. ball valves) for the pharmacopeial water distribution system
- · Presence of dead legs
- Records of sanitization of pharmacopeial water distribution system was not available
- Non-conduct of water system sanitization
- Poor preventive maintenance program for the pharmacopeial water system
- Pharmacopeial water not tested according to phamacopoeial requirements
- Unreadable labels on the water distribution pipelines (e.g. faucet for the hot & cold water & tap water)
- Preventive maintenance for HVAC lacks critical testing (e.g. integrity testing, pressure differential)
- Uncorrected failed PM results for HVAC system or Water System
- Common HVAC for Production and Micro Laboratory
- Inconsistent conduct of Preventive Maintenance of facilities

- Insufficient distance between equipment and walls to permit cleaning
- Base of immovable equipment not adequately sealed at points of contact
- · Use of temporary means or devices for repair without contact with the product
- Defective or unused equipment not removed or appropriately labelled
- Minor equipment used for non-critical products not qualified
- Presence of leaks in water system
- No records of testing/maintenance for utilities (ie integrity tesing-HEPA)

### E. Documentation

#### 1. Critical

- Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of records
- Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of manufacturing and packaging orders

# 2. Major

- Lack of or incomplete Master Production Documents
- · Unavailability of documentation from suppliers in a timely manner
- · Lack, inconsistent or incomplete distribution records
- Insufficient retention time for evidence and records to be maintained
- Poor or untraceable records
- Inconsistencies in records
- Products released for distribution without or with incomplete of Process Validation
- Unsigned process documents (e.g. BMR, Line Clearance)
- · Incomplete data in process documents
- Use of scrap paper, correction fluids and/or pencil for recording raw data
- · Unsigned corrections and erasures
- · Absence of pertinent records and documents
- Poor record control (e.g. no document number, no pagination, poor records retrieval)
- Absence of back-up for electronic records

# 3. Others

- No organization charts
- · Incomplete plans and specifications for the manufacturing buildings
- · Forms, records not cross referenced in the procedure

#### F. Production

#### 1. Critical

- Production commenced with no written Master Formula
- Master formula or manufacturing batch record showing gross deviations or significant calculation errors
- Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of manufacturing & packaging orders

# 2. Major

- Master Formula prepared/verified by unqualified personnel
- Lack of or incomplete validation studies/reports for critical process (lack of evaluation/approval) (†)
- Inadequate validation of change over procedures. (†)
- Unapproved / undocumented major changes compared to Master Production Documents (↑)
- Deviations from instructions during production not documented and not approved by OC
- Discrepancies in yield or reconciliation following production not investigated
- Line clearance between production of different products not covered by SOP, not documented or not adequately implemented
- No regular checks for measuring devices / no records
- Lack of proper identification of in-process materials and production rooms resulting in a high probability of mix-ups
- Inadequate labelling/storage of rejected materials and products that could generate mixups
- Upon receipt, bulk and in-process drugs, raw and packaging materials not held in quarantine until released by QC

- · Labels not properly controlled
- · Starting and in-process materials are used without prior authorization by QC
- Inadequate/inaccurate labeling of bulk/in-process/finished drugs, raw & packaging materials
- Raw material dispensing not done by qualified persons, according to SOP.
- Changes in batch size not prepared/verified by qualified personnel.
- Inaccurate/incomplete information in master /manufacturing /packaging batch documents
- No written procedure for packaging operations.
- · Non-standard occurrences during packaging not investigated by qualified personnel
- Master production records not in compliance with marketing authorization
- Inadequate control of coded and non-coded printed packaging material (including storage, dispensing, printing, disposal)
- Inadequate handling of outdated/obsolete packaging material
- Holding time study was not conducted

- · Incomplete SOPs for handling materials and products
- · Access to production areas not restricted to authorized personnel
- · Inadequate checks for incoming materials
- Written procedures incomplete for packaging operations
- No agreed tolerance for yield/ reconciliation

### G. Quality Control

- 1. Critical
  - No person in charge of QC
  - QC department not a distinct and independent unit.

# 2. Major

- Inadequate facilities, personnel and testing equipment
- No authority to enter production areas
- No SOPs approved and available for sampling, inspection and testing of materials
- Out of specification test results, deviations and borderline conformances not properly investigated and documented, according to SOP
- Reprocessing / reworking / re-sale of returned products done without prior assessment/approval of QC.
- Inadequate evidence to demonstrate that storage and transportation conditions are appropriate

# 3. Others

Investigations of non-conformances not completed in a timely manner

### H. Raw Material Testing

#### 1. Critical

- · Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of analytical results
- No evidence of COA available from supplier and no testing done by the manufacturer
- Use of raw material (API) after expiration date

 Testing for DEG and other impurities for glycerin, propylene glycol, and solutions of sorbitol used for oral preparations was not conducted by both the company and the supplier

### 2. Major

- Reduced testing program in place without adequate certification of the vendors / suppliers
- · Water used in the formulation is not of acceptable quality
- · Insufficient testing of raw material
- Incomplete/inadequate specifications of RM, PM & FG
- · Specifications of RM, PM and FG not approved by QC
- · Test methods not validated
- Use of raw material (API) after the retest without proper testing.
- Multiple lots comprising one receipt were not considered as separate for sampling, testing and release
- · No SOP for conditions for transportation and storage
- Testing for identity not done on each containers for starting materials or after manipulation or repackaging by third party
- · No SOPs approved and available for sampling, inspection and testing of materials
- RM / PM used in production without prior approval of QC
- · Significant SOPs were not implemented
- Deviations and action limits are not properly investigated and documented according to the SOP
- · No action taken for OOS raw materials

### 3. Others

- Lots identified for confirmatory testing used in production without QC approval
- Incomplete validation/verication of test methods

# I. Packaging Material Testing

- 1. Major
  - Reduce testing program in place without adequate certification of the vendors/ suppliers
  - · Lack of or insufficient testing of PM
  - Inadequate specification
  - · Specs not approved by QC
  - RM / PM used in production without prior approval of QC

#### 2. Others

- Inadequate procedures of storage
- Inappropriate environment and or precautions to prevent contamination of packaging material during sampling

### J. Finished Goods Testing

- 1. Critical
  - Finished product not tested for compliance with applicable specifications prior to release

 Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of testing & stability results/ forgery of COA

### 2. Major

- Incomplete/inadequate specifications
- FG specs not approved by QC
- · Incomplete testing
- · Lack of or insufficient validation of test methods
- · No SOP for conditions for transportation and storage
- · Products not in finished form tested and considered as result for FG testing
- · Conduct of trial runs

#### 3. Others

- · Inadequate method transfers for a validated analytical method
- Method validation report does not specify the revision of the analytical method used at the time of validation

# K. Samples

- 1. Major
  - · Retained samples not kept for finished products
  - · Failure to submit retained samples when alternative sample retention granted

#### 2. Others

- Samples of raw material not available
- · Insufficient quantity for finished products or API
- · Improper storage conditions

# L. Stability Testing

- 1. Critical
  - · No data available to establish shelf-life of products
  - Evidence of falsification or misrepresentation of stability data / forgery of COA

### 2. Major

- Insufficient data to establish shelf-life
- · Insufficient number of lots to establish shelf-life
- No action taken when data shows that the products do not meet their specifications prior to the expiry date
- · Lack of or inadequate continuing stability program
- No stability studies pertaining to changes in manufacturing (formulation) / packaging materials / reworked or reprocessed lots
- · Testing methods not validated
- In-process materials were used for time zero for stability
- Inappropriate storage conditions for stability samples

### 3. Others

- Stability testing not performed at the time required by the written program
- Review of stability data not performed in a timely manner

# M. Reference Standard

- 1. Critical
  - Use of expired secondary standard for testing
- 2. Major
  - No appropriate monitoring device provided
  - There were noted expired reference standards and/or volumetric reagents kept in the cabinet
  - Logbook and inventory for primary and secondary reference standards were not provided
  - Secondary reference standards were not standardized against the primary reference standard
  - There was no potency result indicated on the label of secondary reference standards
  - · Volumetric reagents were not standardized

#### 3. Others

- Incomplete information on labels
- Primary reference standards were not checked for its validity and expiry in the USP catalog
- There were no provided inventory records for reference standards
- · No records/evidence of destruction of expired standards

# N. Computer System Validation

- 1. Major
  - · Audit trail function was not enabled
  - There was no designated system administrator
  - · Back-up for data was not provided
  - Process controls to ensure data integrity in the computerized system were not fully in place
  - Time and date of the computer used can be changed
  - · Non conduct of CSV
  - Common username and password
  - · Access levels of analysts were not defined

# O. Microbiological Laboratory

- 1. Major
  - Growth Promotion Test was not performed/conducted on the prepared media
  - Non-use of positive control
  - Reference Microorganisms were not available in the microbiology laboratory
  - Inappropriate storage of media
  - Incomplete testing
  - Insufficient incubation period
  - · Alert and action limit was not established

# P. Contract Manufacturing Agreement

- 1. Major
  - Agreement not in accordance with PIC/S requirements

 There is no assurance that the results and conclusions generated by third party are accurate, premise and reliable

### 2. Others

- Expired agreement
- · Absence of agreement

# Q. Complaints and Recalls

### 1. Major

- Ineffective / inadequate recall procedure
- Improper quarantine and disposal practices that would allow recalled / rejected units to be returned for sale
- · No system, or Lack of or inadequate system for complaint handling and returned goods
- Lack of or incomplete records of complaints received relative to the quality of product complaint

### 2. Others

- Incomplete recall procedure
- No agreement between the wholesaler, the importer and distributor relative to a recall process
- No SOP on Handling Product Complaints
- · Effectivity of recall procedure was not validated

# R. Self-Inspection

- 1. Major
  - No or inadequate self-inspection program. Program does not address all applicable sections of GMPs. Records incomplete or not maintained

### 2. Others

- · Internal audit was not regularly conducted
- Unsigned inspection reports

# ANNEX B

# **ACRONYMS**

API - Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient

BMR - Batch Manufacturing Record

CAPA - Corrective Action-Preventive Action

COA - Certificate of Analysis

CPR - Certificate of Product Registration

CSV - Computer System Validation

DEG -Diethylene glycol

FG - Finished Goods

GMP - Good Manufacturing Practice

HEPA - High Efficiency Particulate Air

HVAC - Heating, Ventilation and Air-conditioning

LTO - License to Operate

OOS - Out-of-Specifications

PIC/S - Pharmaceutical Inspection Cooperation Scheme

PM - Packaging Material

PQR - Product Quality Review

PVC - Polyvinyl chloride

PW - Pharmaceutical Water

QA - Quality Assurance

QC - Quality Control

RM - Raw Material

SOP - Standard Operating Procedure